

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

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POETRY.

THOSE LAUGHING EYES.
Those laughing eyes, how roguishly
You'll laugh again about,
And roll them round so prettily,
I fear you'll draw them out.
And, if you should, the little gents
Would captivate the world.
But useless would they be without
The sockets where they whirled.

Those laughing eyes, they saved you once
A horse and rider school,
When master Peacock, no dunce,
His other roguish to rule,
Had singled out a little miss,
That owned those laughing eyes;
He met them—saw, instead, a kiss,
And bade them "go be wise."

And once, I do remember well,
A dandy came to town.

Those laughing eyes, all roguish still,
Transf'red the creature through!

They made him own his passion deep,
And let him hope an hour.

Then sent the fellow home to weep,
And own their matchless power.

Those laughing eyes, I saw them once—
My heart was full of fears;

I saw them sad—those roguish eyes
Were swelled with pity's tears.

Oh! then, how beautiful they seem'd!
A brighter charm was given;

And while around they sadly beamed,
Thine eyes were full of heaven.

Those laughing eyes, my little coz,
I fear they'll hurt thee yet;

If then shouldst take it in thy head,
A while to play coquet.

They're given thee for noble ends;
A rich, a glowing prize;

To charm and not to wound thy friends—
Those laughing, roguish eyes.

Those laughing eyes, e'en now they beam,

With witchery's own wiles,

And cast around a radiant gleam,

Like hour's angel smiles.

And if they speak the mind aright,

In glowing words they tell,

Then I may revel in their light,

And in their favor dwell.

From the New York Knickerbocker.

EXCERPTA.

From the Common Place Book of a Septuagenarian.

Mischief.—It is a curious fact, that there were,

comparatively, more wild tricks played in Philadelphia fifty years ago, when the population was so limited, than at present, with our very numerous population.—

A number of young fellows—one of whom I knew, and who, when he had sowed his wild oats, told me the

story—tied a strong cord around a watch-box, while the watchman was in it, and were hauling it to Chestnut street wharf, to let it float down the river, when the cries of the watchman attracting some passengers, caused the *roues* to flee. At another time, finding a

cart loaded with bricks in the street at night, in front of a house that was then in progress of being built, they carried the bricks up three pairs of stairs, and then took the cart apart and carried the pieces up also, put them together there, and then loaded the vehicle with the bricks, much to the astonishment of the brick-layers when they came in the morning. But the most common trick was changing signs and shew-boards, taking them from one extremity of the city to the other, and making the most incongruous arrangement of them; converting tailors into carpenters—butchers into bakers—printers into rag merchants—apothechearies and druggists into vendors of rum and tobacco—and doctors into undertakers.

A Hoax.—During the Revolutionary war, there was a certain Major Ryan, who was celebrated—perhaps I might with propriety say notorious—for playing tricks, or hoaxing strangers. Of these I have heard scores, but at present remember but this. He ordered a dinner at the Bowring Green, to be ready on a particular day, about four or five days' distance; giving directions, principally in writing, not only for every dish, but for the order in which they were to be served up; and unless his orders were punctually and literally complied with, no pay was to be required.

It was about the time of the adjournment of the Legislature, when there was a great concourse of people passing from Richmond in every direction. On the appointed day, he took his seat in the stage at Richmond, bound for the Bowring Green; and on the road told most miraculous stories of the potency of his olfactory nerves, and asserted that he could smell farther than any man living—even at the distance of a mile, and in a favorable state of wind, a mile and a half. When he came thus near to the Bowring Green, he began to snuff, and recapitulate the various dishes that were provided for dinner—bacon and greens, lamb and salad, round of beef, roast turkey, duck, fowls, cabbage, potatoes, corn, &c. &c. A poor green-horn, who was staring at him with wonder, said he presumed he was only joking, as such extraordinary powers of smell were never bestowed on mortal man. Ryan swore he was in earnest, and offered to wager the dinner and wine for the whole company on the correctness of his smell. The poor calf accepted the wager, and as soon as they arrived, placed himself, in the passage that led from the kitchen to the dining-room. To his utter dismay, he saw the articles paraded in the order prescribed by Ryan, and began to think that he had fallen into the hands of the devil himself. But he had no remedy. The voice of the company was unanimously against him, and he had a heavy bill to pay. Thus far Ryan had a triumph. But mark the end of it. The trick leaked out: and the *hoaxer*, who, however *soft* about the head, was athletic and strong about the arms, determined to have a settlement with the *hoaxer*. He waited until Ryan descended from the stage, when, seizing him by the collar, he took the worth of his money out of his hide; and unless his orders were punctually and literally complied with, no pay was to be required.

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The Contest.—The great work of perpetuating in the successor of General Jackson the principles of political liberty, won by the toils, the vigils, and the blood of the revolution, remains with the people. It was they who gave the impulsive motion. They will bid it go on. Under their auspices, efforts of faction, whether open or disguised, have always received a timely check. Through peace and war, through all the alternating conflicts of party strife, they have zealously watched the almost imperceptible encroachments of power, and preserved inviolate the sanctity of the Constitution. In taking a view of our present position, or in looking forward to events which a few years will develop, let us also look backward: let us learn in the school of experience. It is refreshing to review the scenes of 1800. It will not be unuseful to compare that period of political history with our own—to consider the simplicity of our machine of government—to trace the absorbent principle of power, and how that principle by a natural connexion of cause and effect, has directly or indirectly, endangered public liberty. The lesson is fraught with instruction. If our population is increased with the growth of the sciences and arts—of civil and social improvement, our political relations are not the more complex. Principles are immutable and eternal. The knowledge of the science of government has been by no means retrograde. The people are well acquainted with their rights, relations and duties. They have intelligence enough to discover, and spirit enough to resist oppression, under whatever garb it may appear.—

Whether in the disguise of patriotism, or in the splendor of a monied institution, which, holding itself responsible to none but its stockholders, entwining its poisonous folds around the interests and wants, the hopes and fears of the community, would prostrate every barrier which liberty hath set up—which would choke the popular voice, speaking through the legislative and executive magistracy of the nation—which would trammel the press—corrupt the purity of elections, and lay the whole country recreant at its feet. We have said that the gathering contest does not differ in character from that which resulted in the triumph of democratic principles, in the election of Jefferson, and their second triumph in the election of Jackson. We repeat it—it is a struggle between the two great opposing principles of democracy and aristocracy. It matters not what cognomen the leaders of party may assume. It is imagined, says Mr Grundy, that the name of 'Whig' will bring together parties and men who differ in all the political measures which have divided and still divide the people of the United States. Men who hold no political opinion in common—who are separated from each other as widely as the poles are—put on the cognomen or family name. Disguise it as you will, it is a conflict between the consolidation of power on one hand, and its limitation on the other. The ascendancy which the republican party have attained will be preserved. When the republican successor of General Jackson takes his investiture of office, he also takes the responsibility of maintaining the same leading principles, the same administrative policy, which was introduced under Jefferson, and continued under Andrew Jackson. Their measures will be his glory or reproach. It will be for him to perpetuate the principles which have so signalized this administration. It will be for him to make the great republican family the depository of these principles and policy, and to hold himself up as a mirror in which may be reflected the stern features of democracy.

The story published in the Gloucester Telegraph, about the Collector of that port, stating that he refused to allow the editor of the Telegraph to copy the shipping list from the books in his office, is false—the Collector only refused to copy the *list* himself, which he had before frequently done to oblige Mr Telegraph.—The assertion that the Collector was paid for what he did is another falsehood, and this is the reason, probably, that it was so eagerly seized upon by the *Atlas*—nothing sets well upon its stomach except it be well seasoned with falsehood.

Some of the Bank papers seem to be very much elated at the fact that three ex-Governors were in attendance upon the Wig Convention in Augusta. If the managers of that concern had thought of it in season, they might have added Samuel Bell, of New Hampshire, to the number, which would have enabled them to drive four-in-hand, instead of what the jockeys call a *gimblet-team*.

An editor, who deprecates the employment of females as type-setters, and who thinks they had better be employed in making pudding than *pi*, attempts to throw a damper upon the custom, by persuading his friends never to choose a wife from a printing office. We are of opinion that the quickest way to get rid of them, is to marry them off, faster than they can learn the art.

A man and his wife were horribly burned in New York, on Saturday last, by the ignition of a quantity of Spirit Gas, with which the former was filling a burning lamp. They lived a day or two in great pain, when they died.

It was hot enough to roast a man alive, yesterday, in a great many places besides the furnace of a steamboat—should we hear of any poor fellow who was actually *crisped* we will issue an extra at 11 o'clock this morning.

The communication in the Bangor Republican concerning the Captain of the steamboat Bangor, referred to in yesterday's Post, related to the former, and not to the present Captain of that boat.

The Transcript cautions the public to beware of a community of pick-pockets in this city from the South, who are provided with a fine cutting edge of steel inserted in a ring, which is worn on the finger, with which they can cut a pocket very adroitly.

"A" is informed that we published a paragraph a few days since upon the subject to which he refers.

The "dialogue between a shoe maker and his customer," is hardly worth printing.

An Albany editor wishes a contemporary "success, and a plenty of yellow boys."

POLICE COURT.

James Durant, who was scarcely able to stand, in consequence of the tremors, was charged with an assault on Elijah White, who found him asleep in the hay-loft of a stable, from which he rather unceremoniously ejected him by a push on the shoulder. When Durant got into the street he picked up a couple of brick-bats, and discharged one of them at White, hitting him a smart blow on the brow, by way of receipt for driving him out of his hay-roost. A second count of vagabondism was added, and it was proved that Durant was in the habit of peddling water for rum-traps, and taking his pay in two-centers.—5 months House of Correction.

Joseph Coglans, a desperate outlandish darkey, was arrested for an assault on Joseph Tavers, a watchman. Tavers hailed Coglans' comrade, and requested him to "douse his cigar." The request was complied with, but Coglans was of "opinion that a man had a right to do as he pleased in the *king's street*." Tavers replied, that "this was a freer country than any of his majesty's dominions, but that there were some things that would not go down here, and that smoking in the streets was one of them, and saucy niggers another." C. took this for a challenge, and, handing his hat to a black boy, standing by, squared off for action; but, not understanding the tactics of the watch-book, was soon handsomely used up, without being able to inflict any great injury on Tavers, except a sharp bite on the thumb.—Fined \$3.32 and costs.

Assaulting a female in the streets.—**Isaac Wilkinson**, a young, well-looking man, was arrested on Monday night, for a most violent attack on a woman in Ann street. Without passing any words with her, she not being even aware of his proximity to her, he knocked her off from the side walk, and threw a shade pole after her. This is the third offence of this kind, of which he has been guilty, and he appears to entertain some unaccountable antipathy towards females, and acts from its impulses brutal, when he meets them in the street, unprotected. He gave Constable Ellis a very severe kick when he arrested him.—5 months in the house of Correction.

Bruising bone hards.—**James Maloy**, John Doyle, and Patrick Kenney, were all embraced in one complaint, as neighbors, and dangerous and disorderly drunkards. They all burrowed in the same den, got drunk every day, fought together every night, and became an insupportable riotous nuisance to the neighborhood. Maloy was sentenced to five months in the house of correction; Doyle, four months, and Kenny, three dits.

The life and adventures of John Marston Hall.—By the author of "Darnley, Richelieu, Henry Masterson, Mary of Burgundy, &c." N. Y. Harper & Brothers 2 vols. 1834. The author of these volumes ranks at least second, as the Novelist of the age; but his last labors are not second to any former ones. The reader must prepare his hair, if it be not "the dowry of a second head," to rise on end, as he travels through the thrilling interest of the "Adventures." All sorts of characters, and all kinds of events, "strut their hour upon the stage" but so highly interesting and impressive are their actions, that we carry them with us in our recollections through the whole drama. The style is a model of fine writing; the narration natural and forcible; the moral "adorns the tale," and Cupid crowns the conclusion.

The Penitent's Tear.—A ballad sung by Mrs Wood, the Poetry and Melody by Thomas Power, Esq., arranged for the Piano by Mr James G. Maeder, has lately been published in Philadelphia, and is for sale in this city. The music to this ballad has been pronounced by competent judges very sweet and appropriate, and no one will deny the beautiful and feeling simplicity of the poetry. Upon the subject of music we agree with a writer in the Knickerbocker, who says—

"I love music—melody—harmony: and I detest, equally with hundreds who profess to admire, that unnatural combination of trilling, quavering, shaking, which passes for all three of these attributes. Give me *simple* music, be it lively or sad. None of your delicate notes, split into hexagonal, for me! The first tune which ever fell upon my ear, was good old *Windham*; and to this day, I would not exchange its solemn tones for all the inventions and improvements of modern sacred music."

The Works of Mrs. Sherwood (uniform edition) Vol. 3—Harper & Brothers, 1834: with an engraved title page and plate.

Mrs Sherwood's name and talents are so familiar to young and old, that we hardly need pay them a passing compliment, lest it might be construed into a suspicious puff of protection and patronage. Her interesting volumes have long been the standard classics of the Nursery; and have not less met the approbation of the parent than won the young fancies of the child.

We dismiss the subject with a just tribute to the publishers, for their excellent taste in the style of the typography and binding, the latter—purple embossed cambric, gilt-lettered—is rich, neat, and elegant.

McGregor keeps a very good eating house at the old Stackpole Mansion. He will give a hungry man an excellent dinner for a small consideration—his larder is always well filled, which enables him to serve up a supper for a private party at short notice and in the best style—his wines are of the first quality, well cooled, and uncorked the moment his customer looks dry.

Municipal.—At a meeting of the Mayor and Alder men on Monday:

Wm. Andrews, J. M. Allen, Elias Bean, Seth E. Benson, Stephen Brown, Silas Field, Edward F. Hall, Daniel Hersey, T. B. Mackay, Loring Newcomb, and Frink Stratton, licensed as auctioneers, and their bonds approved.

The Superintendent of Public Lands made a report of sales made by him from April 6, to Aug. 2, amounting in the whole to \$11,731.75, which was read and sent down.

We learn, says the New Bedford Gazette, that the new Custom House in this town, the foundation of which was laid last summer, is to be completed forthwith.—Contracts have been made, and the workmen are about to commence building. It is to be of brick—not of granite, as in the original plan.

Accident.—The Albany Daily Advertiser says the laboratory at Mr Cook's Castle Garden, where his fire works are manufactured, blew up yesterday morning. Several persons were wounded and one young lad is dangerously burnt.—N. Y. Gaz.

FOREIGN.

Five Days Later from England.—By the arrival of the packet ship Hibernia, Captain Wilson, we have our regular files of papers to the latest dates.—There does not appear to be a word of political news of moment, and seldom have our files been so barren.—N. Y. Gaz.

A battle had taken place near Pampeluna, between the Queen's troops and the insurgents, and the contest was a severe one, in which the Carlists suffered much.

The French papers of the 29th June, were destitute of interest. The Moniteur announces the provisional treaty between France and New Grenada.

Don Miguel, with a suite of 150 persons, had arrived at Genoa.

The affairs of Turkey and Egypt remained unsettled. An Egyptian frigate had arrived at Constantinople about the 4th of June, with a million of piasters as a present from Mehemet Ali, but its effect was of a doubtful character.

The termination of the elections of France, in favor of the ministerialists, had produced some tumults, but ultimate good was anticipated. The French nation, it is said, dread the renewal of the influence of republicanism.

The British government has resolved to form a new settlement on the southern coast of Australia, near Spencer's Gulf, which contains a harbor, named Port Lincoln, of sufficient capacity to contain in its three bays all the navy of England.

Don Carlos, of Spain, family, and suite, had left Portsmouth for Gloucester Lodge, Brompton, which had been hired for their residence. His other attendants, 160 persons, had gone to Hamburg.

London, June 29.—The intelligence from Switzerland leaves little doubt of the intention of the Northern Powers to put into execution their coercive measures against Switzerland, unless the Federal Government will immediately give up the German refugees who took part in the affair of Frankfort, and, in general, of all proscribed persons who have sought an asylum in that country, with the view of exciting disturbance in Germany. The post is to be first stopped, and then the commercial intercourse.

Portsmouth, June 26.—Early this morning, the brig Betsey, from Lisbon, anchored at Spithead. She has on board 200 refugee Spanish officers, chiefly of rank. After holding a conference with some of Don Carlos's retinue, she put to sea, bound for Hamburg. Every preparation was made to fire a royal salute upon Don Carlos leaving for Brompton but he waived the honor; his two sons are still here, and it is said if his new quarters are not pleasant, he will return to this garrison.

Mr Sheridan Knowles, author of the *Hunchback*, and other popular pieces, was to sail for New York on the 24th July.

Mrs Caton, of Maryland, eldest daughter of Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, has arrived in England, on a visit to her daughters, the Marchioness Wellesley and the Marchioness Carmarthen.

We perceive, by the last accounts from Montreal, that confidence had been again restored among the inhabitants, and the fears arising from Cholera nearly, if not wholly, overcome. The number of persons admitted into the Cholera hospital amounted, in all, to 75, of whom 43 died, 21 were discharged convalescent, and 11 remained. Among the early patients, were a number of poor emigrants, (men, women, and children,) who had been exposed on the wharf, we are informed, without food or the means of a subsistence, to a burning sun of a 120 or 125 degrees. This in itself, would be sufficient to create sickness and death; and the only matter of astonishment, although one of congratulation is that there had not been more fatal cases than the result appears to have shown.—N. Y. Times.

The Pittsburgh Gazette of Monday says, "We understand, in consequence of the severe domestic affliction in his family, the Hon. William Wilkins has declined the *the dinner tendered to him by the *London* party* and his relative, the Hon. H. Denby, has also declined a similar mark of respect and confidence, offered to him by his friends.

Shocking from Medway.—A correspondent in Medway, under yesterday's date, writes thus:—"On Saturday afternoon last, two young lads who had been hunting, accidentally called for water at the door of a small house in the easterly part of this town, occupied by a loathsome drunkard and his unfortunate wife, and found the wretched man dead on the floor, with his throat cut in a most hideous manner, and his wife sleeping in apparent quietude on a bed in the same room. In our acquaintance with the miseries and the frailties of human life, we have never witnessed a sight like that which here presented. The poor husband, with the blood still gushing from the ghastly wound in his throat, and from his mouth and nose, laying silently on his gory bed; the benumbed and indifferent appearance of the wife, who was afterwards found to have received a severe wound on the head, together with the destitute and comfortless appearance of the interior of the house, presented one of the most revolting spectacles that can be imagined."—Boston Adv.

Milk Whales.—The N. Y. Commercial has an article on *Whale cheese*, in which the sayings of Dr Mitchell, Dr Jenner, Chauvelin and Baron Cuvier are quoted to show, among other things, that Whale's milk is richer than that of a cow, and, consequently, more nutritious. The subjoined interrogatory and recommendation are from the article in review:—N. Y. Bedford Gaz.

"Instead of wielding the harpoon with such murderous dexterity would it not be advisable for our Nantucket and New Bedford whalers to establish a whale pasture in the Vineyard sound, and turn their attention from extracting oil to the making of *whale cheese*?"

"Instead of taking them by the harpoon we would recommend to our friends 'down east,' to throw a noose over them as the South American hunters throw the lasso over the wild bulls and horses."

Singular Attachment.—An old gentleman, Mr. Staveley, now living at Clifton, near this city, is at present an object of great interest, on account of the very singular companion by whom he is almost invariably accompanied, viz, a gander, belonging to Mr Cross, a farmer, residing in that township. The bird, every morning about five o'clock, comes from its own domicile near the Marquee, to Mr. Staveley's residence, and follows him in all his rambles during the day, and is frequently to be seen in our busy streets, and with crowds of children by whom the pair are often accompanied. When Mr Staveley sits down to rest himself, which he is frequently obliged to do, from his age and infirmities, the gander immediately sits down at his feet.

There are several places at which the old gentleman has been in the habit of resting; and now just before he arrives at them, his feathered companion starts off, and arrives at the spot little before Mr. S., it turns round, and by a flap of its wings, and a cackling noise, intimates that they have arrived at their place. If any one molests the old gentleman, the gander chatters at, and bites them, if possible. If he goes in a public house, it enters also, if permitted, and stands behind him while he drinks his glass of ale; sometimes partaking of the refreshing beverage. If not permitted to enter the house, it remains at the door till Mr Staveley comes out. Altogether this circumstance forms one of the most surprising traits in the natural history of the goose, with which we are acquainted.—Yorkshire Gaz.

Mr Burden's Boat.—We are sorry to learn, says the Albany Evening Journal, that the injury to Mr Burden's steamboat is more serious than we supposed yesterday. Both cylinders are entirely destroyed. The loss, we understand, will not fall below \$25,000.

At some of the opposition ward meetings, recently held in the city of New York, it has been resolved, that they "disclaim all connexion with the United States Bank."

MARRIED

In this city, by the Rev Dr Jenks, Willard Bugbee to Phoebe March, of Trenton, Me.

By the Rev Mr Young, William S. Dearborn to Betsey M.

By the Rev Mr Streeton, Moses Eastman to Caroline M.

Stone; Cyrus J. McLean to Harriet Brooks.

In Brookline, St. Inst. Parker Morgan, Jr. formerly of Ellington, New Hampshire, to Ann W. Whitney, of Middlebury, Vermont.

In Wiscasset, Rev Alfred Wood, Jr. Pastor of the Baptist Church in W., to Catherine J. Felker.

In Tolland, Ct. on the 27th ultimo, by the Rev Mr Marsh, Joseph W. Turpin, merchant, of this city, to Lydia Kinney, of the former place.

DIED.

In this city on Monday morning, Barbara, wife of David Simpson, aged 49.

In Dorchester, Samuel Bray, formerly of Gloucester aged 62, a revolutionary soldier.

In Braintree, on Monday morning, Louisa, daughter of Jos. Edwards, Esq.

In W. Woods, Amos Brown, aged 70.

In New York, suddenly, Henry L. Meritt, formerly of this city, aged 33.

In Taunton, Grenville Dewey, aged 62.

In Essex, Vt. James Fletcher, of Woodstock, aged 77, a soldier of the revolution.

In New Orleans, of Cholera, John Marden, mate of ship Apollo, of Portsmouth, aged 32.

FOR THE STEAMBOAT MAIL.

Health of the City.—We learn at the Inspector's

Office that the number of deaths in this city during the week ending Saturday morning, 8 o'clock, is between 240 and 250; being a greater number than has occurred in one week since 1832.

There is, however, nothing alarming in this unusual number; as it includes the many individuals who died on Saturday and Sunday, July 26th and 27th, from excessive heat and drinking cold water,—while of the rest, more than 130 are under two years of age. A few died of common Cholera, but none of Asiatic Cholera.

The sudden death of Wm. Lawson, Inspector of the 1st Ward, who was attacked at 11 o'clock Sunday forenoon, and died in 8 hours, exhibiting some of the symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, has given rise to considerable conversation, and perhaps a little alarm.

The general feeling, however, among intelligent men, appears to be, that even admitting a few cases of this disease should occur, it would be nothing very extraordinary, or very alarming. In almost all the large cities of Europe, where the Cholera raged in 18

EXCURSION.

STEAMBOAT BANGOR FOR SALEM.

The Steam Packet BANGOR, Capt. Samuel H. Howes, will leave the T. wharf on THURSDAY MORNING, 7th Aug. for Salem. During the Day she will make an excursion in Salem Harbor, touching at Marblehead, and will return to Boston early in the evening.

The hours of leaving will be advertised hereafter and arranged so as to accommodate persons who may wish to attend the Public Dinner at Salem on that day.

THOMAS S. WINSLOW, Agent.

PORTLAND, BELFAST AND BANGOR.

The Steam Packet BANGOR, Capt. Samuel H. Howes, will leave the T. wharf on FRIDAY MORNING, Aug. 3rd, at 7 o'clock, and arrive at Portland same evening. Will leave Portland on Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, and, touching at Owl's Head, Belfast, Bucksport, and Frankfort, arrive at Bangor same evening.

Return, will leave Bangor on Monday morning, at 6 o'clock, and Portland on Tuesday morning, at 7 o'clock.

Fee to Portland \$3—Bangor \$2 and found.

For passage apply to the Captain, on board the Packet, at T. wharf.

THOMAS S. WINSLOW, Agent.

Aug 4 1st

CITY LAND OFFICE.

Boston, July 30, 1834.

THE Superintendent of the Public Lands will receive sealed proposals, for ten days, for removing earth from the River, receiving Basin, by the square, sufficient to grade one street, near M. Tuckerman's Land, called Groton street; also for the next street southerly, called Hough street; or so much of said street, called Hough street; or so much of said street as lie between the Mount and Suffolk streets. Each street to be elevated (when settled) to the height of said Tremont and Suffolk streets, where they join them, and on a true line from one to the other. Each street to be separate in the proposals. The earth to be taken from such part of the Basin as shall be designated by the Superintendent. The money to be paid about as fast as the work progresses; and the final amount to be adjusted by the survey of S. P. Fuller, Esq. after it shall have been levelled and settled.

ABNER BOURNE, Sup't P. Lands, Office No. 70 State street.

CITY STOCK.—One hundred thousand Dollars of City Stock, bearing interest, payable semi-annually, at the rate of five per centum per annum, will be sold by public auction at the City Hall, on SATURDAY, 15th inst, at 11 o'clock. It will be disposed of in sums to suit purchasers, from one to ten thousand dollars for any term of years, not exceeding twenty.

STEPHEN BROWN, Auctioneer.

By direction of the Committee of Finance.

RICH'D D. HARRIS, City Tress.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES! —ALFRED KOLET, has been Veterinary Physician and Surgeon 14 years. Is a Physician to the city and offers his services to stable keepers and others, who may require them. He believes himself fully qualified to give entire satisfaction in any branch of that important science.

Gentlemen wishing to purchase horses for their own use may find it to their advantage to consult him on the qualities of the animals; the age and other conditions of the horse having had his careful attention.

His charge will be reasonable, and when his employers have good reason to be dissatisfied, no charge will be made.

A. K. may be found at present at the Lion Tavern, Washington street, or at B. Meyers, Dry Goods Store, 3 doors south

Aug 5

THE PENNY MAGAZINE, Part 26 and Supplement.

Just received by COTTONS & BARNARD, corner of Washington and Franklin sts.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, an indentured Appren-

tee to the Baking business, named Charles Walker about

15 years old, nearly five feet high, thin favored, dark brown hair and grey eyes; had on when he went away, a suit of light clothes and black broad brimmed hat, supposed to have been carried away in a chaise this morning. All persons are forbid harboring or trusting the said apprentice, and a liberal reward will be paid to any one who will return him to the undersigned.

JOSEPH BOND, Jr.

*The Lowell Mercury is requested to give the above three insertions.

Wilmington, Aug. 4, 1834. *st! ang 5

STOCKS AT PRIVATE SALE.

20 shares Neptune Insurance Office
45 do Fireman's Insurance Office
38 do Nahant Bank at Lynn
32 do Hamilton Bank
20 do Atlas Ins. Office
20 do East Boston Corporation
10 do Boston Steam Factory
4 do Old Charlestown Bridge
10 do Washington Bank
15 do Norfolk Bank
50 do Nahant Ins. Office
July 29 2aw2mrs B. WINSLOW.

SPANISH FLY POWDER.—This article will de-
liver the skin from vermin and insects in a hair in a short
time, by using it as directed on the papers to the powders.
It should be kept out of the way of children. Price 12 cents
per paper. For sale by LEADER DAM, No 165, corner of Cross and Ann sts—and 29 Prince st.

Also for sale, that well known article, Ramsay's Bug Liquid,
which puts to rest all bed bugs, and allows persons to repose
without annoyance. Price 37 cents per bottle.

2aw2maviso

WHITE LININGS, GRAIN LEATHER, &c.—
COMMONWEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY hereby
give notice, that their Capital Stock now invested according
to law is

\$300,000,

that they continue to insure on Marine risks, against the perils
of the SEA—and on buildings and merchandise, against the
hazard of FIRE, not exceeding \$20,000 on any one risk.

JOHN K. SIMPSON, President.

JOHN STEVENS, Secretary istf may 3

FOR SALE.

A commodious DWELLING HOUSE, together
with a Barn and out buildings, and about eighty rods
of tillage land under and adjoining situated in Lynn,
at Nahant, nearly opposite Rice's Hotel, being the same measure
formerly occupied by Mr Abner Hood. For terms and conditions of sale, apply to the subscriber at his office, in Lynn.

July 26 J. C. STICKNEY.

PATENT PANTALOON STRAP.—The case and
durability of the *Spiral Spring Strap*, made by E. Wilder,
surpasses every thing of the kind heretofore manufactured and
is considered the very "Ne plus ultra." Gentlemen will find this
the most comfortable if not the cheapest Strap worn. For
sale at wholesale and retail, by JOHN MARSH, 24 Wash-
ington street.

July 23

NEW GOODS.—Just received 2 bales superfine Eng-
ish Cartings, hand-some patterns. Also, a lot of Painted
Floor Cloths, elegant patterns.

Like wise, 1 case India Rubber Table Cloths, which will be
sold very low.

JOB TABER,

57 Washington street.

1000 REAMS WRAPPING PAPER—
50 reams Kentish Cap do
100 do Pot Writing do
100 do Cap do
200 do Letter do
For sale by OLIVER HOLMAN, 96 & 98 State st. June 2

COFFEE, LOGWOOD AND COCOA.—161 bags
Coffe—182 bags Cocoa—50 lbs Logwood, fanning from
big Pilgrim, from Aux Cayes, and for sale by WM. S. WELD,
25 Central wharf. dtf July 2

HOUSE TO BE LET.—To let, a three story brick
Dwelling House, pleasantly situated at the corner of Vernon
and Leverett streets. For key and terms, apply at JONAS
MERRIAM'S Store, Leverett street. epft! June 30

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A two story wooden
House in Roxbury opposite the old French Bowl Tavern
very convenient for a small family. Apply at SPEAR'S Rent
Office, 15 Exchange st. mar 11

MATTRESSES.—SUPERIOR HAIR MATTRESSES, of all sizes, may be had
at reduced prices on application at J. G. FLAGG'S, No
18, corner of Union and Marlboro streets. istf July 23

MINIATURE SETTINGS.—On hand and will be
sold cheaper than ever, a prime assortment of Clasped
Variegated and Plain Settings, at BRUCE & CO.'s, 251 Wash-
ington st., seven doors above the Marlboro Hotel. may 26

FOR RENT.—A new two story brick house on the Neck
\$200—apply at SPEAR'S, Real Estate Office 15 Exchange
st. June 2

IBERUVIAN BARKS.—10 bales best quality Quilled
Bark, for sale by LOWE & REED, 24 and 29, Merchants
Row. epstf

ap 9

READ BAGS, \$2.25 EACH.—Large size, and wova
on silk—at WARREN THAYER'S, No 22 Hanover st.
June 26

IVORY FOR MINIATURES.—COTTONS & BAR-
NARD, 184 Washington street, have just received a fresh
supply of Ivory for Miniatures, of the best quality—various
sizes. July 3

PROVINCE NOTES.—Notes of the Bank of St
John's, New Brunswick, bought and sold by JOHN I.
SPEAR, Broker, 15 Exchange st. may 28

ALL WIDE AWAKE AT THE MENAGERIE

IN UNION STREET. Just added, to enrich MACOM-
BER WELCH & CO'S rare collection of Beasts and Birds,
and the animals, and the rare collections united in one, dis-
play the greatest numbers of rare animals ever seen in Europe
or America, and in all probability the citizens of Boston will
never have an opportunity to witness the like again. Mr Put-
nam, the celebrated keeper, will amuse the audience by, entering
the cage with the Lions, at 4 o'clock, and half past 5 in the even-
ing. Hours of exhibition from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., from 2 to 6 and from 7 to half past 9 in the evening. Admittance 25 cents, children half price.

The hours of leaving will be advertised hereafter and ar-
ranged so as to accommodate persons who may wish to attend
the Public Dinner at Salem on that day.

THOMAS S. WINSLOW, Agent.

july 25

BATHING.—The Western Avenue, Warm and Cold

Baths are now open.

The ladies department is under the care of female attendants.

Tickets can be had at E. S. Holden's, Druggist, corner of

Bacon and Charles street, or at the Bathing house.

N. B. Toll free to the baths. epis2m

june 10

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that the following

articles, wares and merchandise, which have remained in

the Public Auctioneer's hands, will be sold by Public Auction,

at the Custom House, by the Marshal for this District, on

THURSDAY, the seventh day of August next, at 12 o'clock,

noon—provided the same shall not have been claimed prior to

the period aforesaid, viz.—

1. E. A. BUNDY, a bundle, containing 1 piece Linen Sheet-
ing, 36 bars iron.

Triangle No 13—1 key French Chalk.

F. & M., 1 a 3—3 boxes China.

J. S. Brown, Montreal—1 box Books.

H. D.—1 box Flax Seed.

Diamond, 705—1 bag Parts of Chains.

S. B.—1 case Hog's Lard.

1 pipe Honey.

District of Boston and Charlestown.

Port of Boston, July 7th 1834.

DAVID HENSHAW, Collector. epispm

july 4

REMOVAL.—WILLIAM GAULT respectfully informs

his friends and the public that he has removed from No.

67 Congress street to No 6 Elm street, where he will keep

constantly on hand, as good a variety of Broadcloths, Cassiares

and Vests, as can be found in any other similar establish-
ment, which he will make into Garments, (in any style or fash-
ion,) at short notice and as cheap for cash as can be purchased

in the city.

Also, a general assortment of ready made Clothing, of all de-
scriptions, with a variety of black Indian and plaid Cravats

Pocket Handkerchiefs—Shirt Bosoms and Dickies—India Rub-
ber, Silk and Webbing Suspenders—Stocks—Gloves, &c.

epstf

july 3

FARM FOR SALE.—In the south west part of Bol-
ton, one mile from the Orthodox meeting house, one, and a

quarter of an acre of enclosed land, containing 30 rods,

four Boston acres of woodland, and a small stream, which

is pleasantly situated for some gentleman in the city who would

like to ride to his country seat to dine; two good houses; two

barns, and out buildings, as well as best suit purchasers. For

further information, inquire of Joshua H. Pollard, Pitts street,

Boston; Samson V. S. Wilder, Esq., Bolton; or the subscriber,

JONAS POLLARD.

july 23

WICKS' FURNITURE.

BRUNN'S

WICKS' FURNITURE.

BRUNN'S

WICKS' FURNITURE.

I T IS VALUABLE.—The American Cork Company now receive orders for ground, grated, or powdered Cork, which article is patented for the following purposes, viz.: Filling beds, mattresses and pillows, sacking or cases, stuffing seats and cushions for sofas, chairs and carriages, and stuffing saddle and collars for horses, and for the purposes and uses for which feathers, hair, moss, chaff, straw, and other substances have been heretofore used.

The Company are desirous at this time to introduce to the notice of the American people that it is

CORK MATTRESS.

Or, SEAMEN'S FLOW-LING BED.

The company have now on hand, specimens of Cork Mattresses, varying in price from five to ten dollars, and are now ready to execute orders at short notice. The cork will be sold in bulk to such persons as choose to manufacture for themselves.

HENRY KNAPP, Agent.

Head of Western Avenue,

designed in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, &c., chambers corner of Union and Western Avenues.

ASA D. GOVE, General Agent, at New Orleans.

Agents will soon be appointed in all the principal cities in the United States, of which due notice will be given. Extract from a letter written by Dr. J. C. Warren on the subject, dated March 2d, 1832—

"I find it a valuable invention, especially for vessels, and if it were generally used, it might be the means of saving life on many occasions. In regard to health, I believe it to be much better."

Signed, J. C. WARREN.

Extract of a letter from Dr. Waterhouse, dated August 12th, 1832—

"I have examined and tried your Chair Cushions, filled with grained cork, and am pleased with their neatness, and freedom from any thing like filth. Most people would, I believe, give the preference to those filled with rasped cork. I am pleased with their property of sustaining a person on the water, in case of shipwreck, fire, or explosion, and particularly recommend them for cots in steamboats, and will venture to predict their introduction."

BENJ. WATERHOUSE

Extract of a letter from Capt. Preble, President of the *Marin Society*, Portland, Me.—

"I am perfectly satisfied that it will answer the purpose of a comfortable bed for seamen, and a life preserver in time of shipwreck."

Signed,

ENOCH PREBLE.

Certificates of three gentlemen who witnessed the exhibition in Boston harbor—

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify, that we were present at the experiment made by Mr Knapp, on Saturday, the 10th ult., in the Cork Mattress, filled with grained cork, to sustain a person on the water, and the trials to Long wharf, which proved successful to our utmost satisfaction. We are happy to state that we are perfectly satisfied with its property in securing persons from shipwreck as intended. We do therefore recommend their use, particularly to mariners, and venture to say, that their introduction on board of vessels, will prove highly important and valuable hereafter.

Signed,

JONATHAN A. BARRY,

PRENTISS WHITNEY,

WM. T. BRAINNAN.

Boston, August 15th, 1833. copies ap 10

COMPOUND CHLORINE TOOTH WASH, &c.

For Cleansing and Preserving the Teeth and Gums, and Lancing the Mouth.

THE CHLORINE TOOTH WASH effectively cleanses the Teeth, and will answer the purposes of the best dentifrice. It contains no acid, or any ingredient which can in any case be injurious. It will also be found to keep the brush itself free from all impurities.

The Chlorine Tooth Wash has the further advantage of cleansing the mouth, also of removing whatever is offensive in the breath. It hardens the teeth, and is a valuable remedy for canker or soreness of the mouth. It may be used with the greatest advantage as a gargle for sore throat, &c. It preserves the teeth and mouth in all respects in a clean and healthy condition. It is agreeable to the taste. Gentlemen who are in the habit of using tobacco, will find that the tooth wash will speedily remove all the effects of it from the mouth.

That the public may rest assured of the very salutary effects of this composition, the following recommendations from gentlemen of the highest respectability are submitted.

From J. W. Webster, M. D., Erving Professor of Chemistry in Harvard University.

Messrs. Lowe & Reed, Cambridge, March 14, 1831.

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash.—I have examined the composition of your Chlorine Tooth Wash, and have no hesitation in stating my belief, that it will answer the purpose for which you have compounded it. I have discovered in it no ingredient which can prove injurious to the teeth.

Yours, &c., J. W. WEBSTER.

From Sylvanus Plympton, M. D., Cambridge, March 14, 1831.

Gentlemen—I have frequently used your Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash in various instances, and found it a most powerful, approved medicine, this was indeed the case. I hesitate not to give it my entire approbation for the purposes for which it was made, and consider it one of the most safe, pleasant, and effectual articles of the kind ever offered to the public.

I am, &c., S. PLYMPTON.

Cambridge, Dec. 3, 1831.

From Mr. A. Hayes, Operative Chemist and Superintendent of the Roxbury Chemical Works.

Messrs. Lowe & Reed, Gentlemen—Having examined the bottle of Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash you gave me, and become acquainted with its composition, it affords me pleasure to express my belief, that it well deserves the high reputation it has acquired.—It does not contain any substance in solution or suspension, which can either chemically or mechanically injure the teeth, and observation and experience confirm the opinion that its effects on the mouth are salutary and very agreeable.

With great pleasure, A. A. HAYES.

Roxbury Laboratory, Feb. 13th, 1832.

For sale by LOWE & REED, 24 and 26, Merchants Row, JOHN WHITE, Jr. No. 30 School street.

J. F. FOSTER'S PATENT IMPROVED TRUSSES.—

MR. FOSTER invites those who desire an effectual remedy for the dangerous and distressing disease of RUPTURE, to call at his office, No. 389 Washington street, in rooms over the Roxbury Dye House, *near the sign of the Eagle and Truss* where he is constant attendance, to adapt his Trusses to the particular case of the patient, as Successor to Mr. Heath.

Separate rooms will be provided, so that three or four individuals calling at the same time will not be interrupted.

It is the oldest establishment of the kind in the State—Mr. B. having followed the business for more than thirty years—during half of which time Mr. Foster has been making them on Mr. Heath's plan and others of approved kinds. Although not yet so well known and exclusively, he has made them for himself and for many patients and individuals who is at liberty to refer to him, having been severely afflicted with the disease himself, since the age of 12 years, and rendered him as possessing a thorough knowledge of the business. All Trusses made and sold by him, will be warranted to keep the protruded parts within the cavity of the abdomen.

Among the variety of Trusses made by Mr. Foster, are *Patient Elastic Spring Trusses*, with *Spring Pads*.—Trusses without steel springs; these give relief in all cases of rupture, and in a large portion produce a perfect cure. They can be worn day and night. *Improved Hinge and Pivot Trusses*, *Umbilical Spring Trusses*, and Trusses with *Bard and Sock joints*.—Trusses for *Pelvis Aja*, by wearing which persons troubled in the womb, will find a perfect ease and safety. Mr. F. also makes Trusses for Protrusion of the womb, which are now much used in cases where *passaries* have failed. Suspensory Trusses, Knee Caps, and Common Trusses are kept always on hand, charged at the lowest prices. Machines for remedying deformities.

Mr. F. will wait on individuals at their houses where preferred—takes measure of infants at any age, and makes Trusses for both double and single ruptures, which may be worn day and night. *Improved Hinge and Pivot Trusses*, *Umbilical Spring Trusses*, and Trusses with *Bard and Sock joints*.—Trusses for *Pelvis Aja*, by wearing which persons troubled in the womb, will find a perfect ease and safety.

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